

3D Reconstruction in the Wild

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3D reconstructions

What are the challenges today?





* for a general, small, collection of photos

High resolution cameras / 80mpx / can see small scratches and clever algorithm can hypothesize and recover the correct surface

Not to many people have so to any board of the story approximation of the s

People do not want to take 3000 images to scan be cenes

* special sprays, structured light

3D Maps...

Is it a challenging problem today?

Depends on the expected detail

Use GPS to cut the space into sectors

How about - many photos & without GPS?

Much more complicated

Mostly because of a difficult question: Which images see the same physical 3D space? (the matching problem)

... and speed & memory problems during camera registration

"Rome" in a cloudless day (ECCV2010)

2.8Mil photos, low resolution

It is more "how to get some models from a huge set of images"

Wow for the research community

Detail like in computer games from 1995 to "normal people"

So how far we are from "the ultimate goal" ?

High quality reconstruction

Automatic processing

Processed in a reasonable time

Close to that!

Today we can easily create models from 100K+ images

On a single machine

Limited computer resources (memory, hdd)

100,000-image project

white pyramid : position and orientation of a camera

3D

colored sparse point-cloud : "tie points"

100,000-images project : image samples

100,000-image project : final alignment

100,000-images project : just tower selection

100,000-images project : model of the tower

100,000-images project : model of the pillar

This is RealityCapture which we are developing

Let's return back to the beginning

How it works?

Small dataset

200 images captured in 39 minutes Processing times alignment in 4 minutes model in 42 minutes

PC used

ordinary gaming PC 16 GB RAM, i7 CPU, GTX 960

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So how far we are from "the ultimate goal"?

are we there yet?

Why it is so difficult?

I will show it on a simple problem:

P3P - pose of a calibrated camera from 3x 2D-3D point correspondences

$$cos \ \phi_{ij} = \frac{(\mathbf{K}^{-1}x_i)^{\mathsf{T}}(\mathbf{K}^{-1}x_j)}{\|\mathbf{K}^{-1}x_i\| \|\mathbf{K}^{-1}x_j\|}.$$

$$log base to the equation of the equa$$

Open my PhD thesis at page 34 (<u>http://cmp.felk.cvut.cz/~bujnam1/</u>)

$$\alpha_{i}\mathbf{x}_{i} = \mathbf{K} [\mathbf{R}|\mathbf{t}] \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$\mathbf{x}_{i}$$

$$\mathbf{$$

$$\mathbf{r}_{1} \perp \mathbf{r}_{2} = (\alpha_{2}\mathbf{x}_{2}^{C} - \mathbf{x}_{1}^{C}) \perp (\alpha_{2}\mathbf{c}_{a} + \alpha_{3}\mathbf{c}_{b} + \mathbf{c}_{c}),$$

$$\|\mathbf{r}_{1}\| = \|\mathbf{r}_{2}\| = \|\alpha_{2}\mathbf{x}_{2}^{C} - \mathbf{x}_{1}^{C}\| = \|\alpha_{2}\mathbf{c}_{a} + \alpha_{3}\mathbf{c}_{b} + \mathbf{c}_{c}\|.$$

$$\mathbf{M}'(\alpha_{2})\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & c_{11}\alpha_{2} + c_{01} & c_{20}\alpha_{2}^{2} + c_{10}\alpha_{2} + c_{00} \\ d_{02} & d_{11}\alpha_{2} + d_{01} & d_{20}\alpha_{2}^{2} + d_{10}\alpha_{2} + d_{00} \\ c_{11}\alpha_{2} + c_{01} & c_{20}\alpha_{2}^{2} + c_{10}\alpha_{2} + c_{00} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_{3}^{2} \\ \alpha_{3} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{0}.$$
(5.30)
Now, a non-trivial solution exists if and only if the determinant of matrix $\mathbf{M}'(\alpha_{2})$ vanishes, i.e.

$$det\left(\mathsf{M}'(\alpha_2)\right) = 0. \tag{5.31}$$

$>> 4^{th}$ degree polynomial - can be solved in closed form

If properly implemented!

Actually -

closed form 4th degree polynomial uses reduction to 3rd degree polynomial which is then solved using inverse to a goniometric function

- numerically not precise (especially around 0)
- magnitude differences between translation vector vs. rotation part
- results in non-orthogonal rotation matrix

Blind use of unknown algorithms can kill your pipeline!

Many glitches:

You need to understand the method

You need to understand its weakness

You need to understand how to implement it

You need to implement it damn good!

But why to re-invent the wheel?

Keep focused on the area where you are the best

Reality Capture SDK - RealityCapture Engine

RealityCapture SDK in hands of nvidia for 1 month

Google Nvidia + RealityCapture

I can imagine you already have full head of ideas how to use it

Opened topics?

- Automatic image masking trees in the wind, growing grass, ...
- Moving object masking,
- Water, glass, mirrors detection,
- Clever simplification (context sensitive)
- High level image clustering for super huge reconstructions
- Real time experience
- •

Thank you!

Looking for a job? jobs@capturingreality.com

